



Policy & Resolutions

2006-2007

We encourage you to ask the office to send you a complete copy of any resolution in which you are interested. Our resolutions are designed to give reasons for our interest and position. They remain as policy for three years unless renewed, amended, or rescinded upon annual review.

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POLICY AND RESOLUTIONS

FROM THE FLOOR

The Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Opposes the proposed "Public Lands Grazing Campaign Buy out," while supporting retirement of permits, on a case by case basis, through the existing agency's Land Use Planning Process. NCA requests that in the event a grazing permit on federal lands is retired, the agency responsible shall make available alternatively suitable and functionally equivalent forage to replace the loss of public grazing.

F1, 2004

Support sustaining the financial and educational integrity of CABNR and NAES for future generations; and that any revenue generated by or from real or intellectual properties be reinvested exclusively back into CABNR and NAES, including past revenues; and oppose the sale or disposition of land, including the 55 acres at the main station.

F1, 2005

Urge the Nevada State Legislature to amend the NRS to expand Nevada's farmers' and ranchers' ability to post and identify their properties to reduce incidents of trespass by public land users.

F1, 2006

Asks the Nevada Congressional Delegation to support such modifications of the estate tax as allows for the protection and preservation of farm and ranching land and families.

F2, 2006

Calls on the BLM, USFS, DNR, NDF, and Dr. Wayne Burkhardt to aggressively move towards a fire prevention and pre-suppression mode, rather than a reactionary suppression approach.

F3, 2006

LIVESTOCK ISSUES

The Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Supports continuance of the beef checkoff program by allowing the nation's beef producers to vote through a referendum whether to continue the beef checkoff program.

L1, 2004 (cont. 01)

Supports mandatory country of origin labeling on all meats sold for human consumption in the United States and condemn the use of the USDA grading stamp on any animal product that cannot be certified as born, raised and processed in the United States of America.

L2, 2004 (cont. 01)

Urges in the event any mandatory U.S. Animal Identification System is implemented, it should be simple, cost effective and allow registered brands and brand inspections in Nevada to be a legitimate means of identification and integrate them into the National Animal Identification System (NAIS). NCA further urges the Nevada Department of Agriculture and USDA to integrate their respective data systems for ease and efficiency of business practices.

L3, 2004

Requests the State Quarantine Officer adopt regulations requiring mandatory slaughter of all cattle diagnosed positive for *Trichomonas fetus* and require *Trichomonas* testing within the past 30-days of all bulls over eight-months of age prior to entry into the state, including bulls moving on a pasture to pasture permit.

L5, 2004

Supports a ban on animal by-products being fed to ruminants.

L4, 2004 (cont. 01)

Urges its members to continue to adhere to good animal husbandry practices and to follow all current local, state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to proper livestock handling and care.

L7, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Urges the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and the U.S. Department of Interior to develop and implement a brucellosis control program for elk and bison in the greater Yellowstone area in order to eradicate the disease. NCA further urges the Nevada Department of Agriculture to enforce its official calf-hood vaccination requirement for all female cattle imported into the state, and along with USDA, develop and use radio frequency identification (RFID) tags to officially identify female cattle vaccinated for brucellosis.

L8, 2004

Urges members of the industry to follow accepted livestock and business management practices in the husbandry of their animals and use of their land; shall not condone the actions of anyone who has abused livestock or mistreated the land.

Supports actions by appropriate state or federal agencies which sanction individuals who abuse animals or mistreat land but do not support agency action which sanction their industry because of the inappropriate actions of a few.

L1, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99,02)

Supports the Nevada Department of Agriculture's effort to provide increased agricultural enforcement and security of Nevada's food supply, the farming and ranching industry and for the people of Nevada.

L2, 2005 (cont.02)

Authorizes their executive committees to explore the need to develop a cooperative for the evaluation of the feasibility of a multi-species slaughter and processing plant, and further authorize their executive committees to organize such a cooperative if it is determined to be needed by both associations.

L3, 2005 (cont. 02)

Encourages and supports the Animal Disease and Food Safety Laboratories (ADFSL) in adding equipment and offering new disease testing based on latest technologies and explore all possible means of financial support to achieve this.

L4, 2005 (cont. 02)

Urges the Nevada State Veterinarian to implement a voluntary BVD certification for Nevada producers. L5, 2005

Urges the United States Department of Agriculture to continue the strict testing and monitoring of all cattle moving from Mexico to the United States, and from any state which has lost its accredited status. NCA further encourages the USDA to continue its efforts to eradicate tuberculosis in wildlife and domestic animals. L1, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

Asks the Nevada Board of Agriculture and the Director of the Department of Agriculture to establish a department wide enforcement program funded by the different divisions benefiting from these enforcements. L2, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

Urges USDA Veterinary Services to develop a national animal identification system with the flexibility to integrate time proven brand inspection programs used extensively in the western United States. Also that the Department of Agriculture explore development of a pilot animal identification system. L4, 2006 (cont. 03)

<p style="text-align:center">PRIVATE LANDS, WILDLIFE, AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT</p>

Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Opposes any planting, transplanting, relocating or releasing of elk in the State of Nevada.

PvLW&EM 1, 2004 (cont. 01)

Urges Nevada county governments to enforce the laws and ordinances which require the federal agencies to comply with State trespass and fence laws.

PvLW&EM 2, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Supports the State Department of Agriculture and the UNR cooperative extension service in the continuation of their comprehensive coordinated program with private

land owners, federal agencies, state and county government, and public utilities to control and eradicate noxious weeds.

PvLW&EM 4, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Opposes the granting of any permanent "right, title, or interest" through any uses of such temporary water flows as are being created by mine de-watering operations.

PvLW&EM 5, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Urges the amendment of Nevada water law to provide for exceptions to the "5 year rule" in cases involving federal agency action which threatens the ownership of private water rights, due process and compensation.

PvLW&EM 6, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Requests that the Nevada Environmental Commission and Natural Resources Committees of the Nevada Legislature to expand partially-exempted burns as written in the Smoke Management Plan to such reasonable limits as to keep burning an economically viable tool for pasture and rangeland improvement.

PvLW&EM 7, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Strongly recommends the continued use of all those effective methods of predator control, as outlined by the Federal Regulations, in the State of Nevada.

PvLW&EM 8, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Seeks legislation requiring Nevada Division of Wildlife and other state agencies to acknowledge that their recommendations and policies have a profound impact on the Nevada livestock industry, and that these agencies provide for multiple use, permit values, private property rights and the local economies of the rural counties.

PvLW&EM 9, 2004 (cont.98, 01)

Strongly opposes the further exportation of water from its basin of origin for the transfer to urban areas from rural counties and that state government agencies and County Commissions continue to protect the water resources of the State of Nevada.

PvLW&EM 11, 2004

Urges the Nevada Division of Wildlife continue undertaking to increase hunters'

awareness of their responsibilities on private and public lands, including information on legal property postings.

Existing state laws concerning camping on riparian areas and water sources be enforced.

PvLW&EM 1, 2005 (cont. 90, 93, 96, 99,02)

Urges the public land management agencies and the state agencies of Nevada to maintain wildlife populations in compliance with approved plans.

PvLW&EM 2, 2005 (cont. 90, 93, 96, 99,02)

Urges the Nevada Wildlife Commission to direct the Nevada Division of Wildlife not to sacrifice Mule Deer for Elk.

PvLW&EM 4, 2005 (cont. 02)

Urges the Nevada Wildlife Commission and the Nevada Division of Wildlife to invest said moneys first "For the development and renovation of facilities or the improvement of existing habitats for fish and other wildlife," and second, for the acquisition of mere "interests" - conservation easements, "in real or personal property," which will, by definition, continue to be managed and maintained without additional tax payer expense, and in the condition which made them attractive to wildlife in the first place.

PvLW&EM 5, 2005 (Cont. 02)

Request that Land Management Agencies grant continued off-road use for maintenance or construction of range improvements and for range management practices.

PvLW&EM 7, 2005

A "suitable habitat vacancy" will be identified only if there is additional forage available on a sustained basis, and any suspended AUM's have been reinstated to the pertinent livestock permits.

PvLW&EM 8, 2005

Urges all entities possessing the power of eminent domain to refrain from the use of that power in accordance with the new expansion that power.

Furthermore urges the Nevada Legislature to pass a law which prohibits an exercise of the power of eminent domain which

results in private property being transferred to another for the transferee's profit and enjoyment.

PvLW&EM 9, 2005

Does not support the use of animal waste and processing by-products as ruminant feed, and would rather all animal agriculture and related industries pursue opportunities for increasing the use of such wastes for fertilizers.

Position Statement 1

PvLW&EM 1, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

Is not opposed to wildlife reintroduction so long as each specific introduction, reintroduction, or augmentation follows a NAPA document and:

1. Will not cancel or reduce any grazing permit.
2. Includes a cooperative program for monitoring resource impacts and big game populations.
3. Includes a viable method and goal for big game population control.
4. Includes full compensation for property damage, including capital costs of damage prevention.
5. Includes protection of private property and water rights.

Position Statement 2

PvLW&EM 2, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

Will initiate an effort to educate recreational and other resource users about the importance of maintaining and respecting range improvements. NCA will also identify and coordinate with resource management agencies and recreational groups in pursuing this educational effort.

PvLW&EM 1, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Urges revision of the Endangered Species Act.

PvLW&EM 3, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Opposes any grazing use by elk which leads to or results in overall rangeland deterioration. NCA supports approved planning and effective range management supported by sound long-term trend monitoring recognizing species utilization directed toward attainment of practical and attainable allotment objectives developed in cooperation with the affected permittees. PvLW&EM 4, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

Requests that no land or conservation easement may be acquired by any public agency or non-profit organization that does not conform to this resolution. In the event that any public agency or non-profit organization fails to maintain land or conservation easements consistent with this resolution then the fee to said land shall revert to the party that granted said land to the public agency or non-profit.

PvLW&EM 5, 2006 (cont. 03)

Asks that the pertinent county commissions and their planning and zoning commission take steps to insure that approved sub divisions comply with Nevada Water law in regard to ditch rights-of-way and access for ditch maintenance. PvLW&EM 6, 2006 (cont. 03)

Urge for the amendment of the SNPLMA in order to alleviate the de-stabilizing effects of the current act, by paying fair market value for acquired lands.

Urge for the amendment of the SNPLMA to allow for more constructive use of funds generated to include the maintenance of purchased properties and by improving lands already in the public domain.

PvLW&EM 8, 2006 (cont. 03)

Supports the following goals with regard to water exportation from one basin to another:

1. Baseline line data of water and natural resources currently and historically available in the basin. This data must be credible and be widely accepted.
2. Surface water laws predate underground water laws. The concept that springs and wetlands predate any underground applications must continue to be a higher priority.
3. The best possible water budget should be developed and accepted by as many stake holders as possible.

PvLW&EM 9, 2006

PUBLIC LANDS

The Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Requests that Governor Guinn work with other western Governors, the Nevada congressional delegation, and the federal administration, to bring about changes in regulations with regard to public land grazing permits. NCA will continue to work with key individuals in the development of the needed regulatory language.

PL 1, 2004 (cont. 01)

Supports the Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition and urges all other producer organizations to support this restoration initiative.

PL 3, 2004 (cont. 01)

Urges the Bureau of Land Management to revise its blanket prohibition of domestic sheep grazing in Big Horn sheep areas. Furthermore, NCA urges the BLM to develop policy in conjunction with animal science and wildlife experts at the University of Nevada Reno which will allow domestic sheep grazing within a scientifically sound framework.

PL 4, 2004 (cont. 89, 92, 95, 98, 01)

Requests that all billings to livestock lessees and permittees, whether quarterly, semiannually, or annually, be after-the-fact so as to put all permittees and lessees on an equal basis and to comply with the actual use requirements.

PL 5, 2004 (cont. 92, 95, 98, 01)

Supports state and national legislation to give explicit consideration to natural resource dependent communities in the public land use planning process. These communities should be given maximum consideration during any planning process which will affect private economic activity on public lands.

PL 6, 2004 (cont. 92, 95, 98, 01)

Encourages the Department of Defense and the various National Guard agencies to cooperate and coordinate to make maximum effective use of existing training installations before new or expanded facilities are proposed.

PL 8, 2004 (cont. 89, 92, 95, 98, 01)

Requests that the BLM encourage the formation of Cooperative Management Agreements.

PL 9, 2004 (cont. 89, 92, 95, 98, 01)

Urges each county commission to maintain a Public Land Advisory Committee.

PL 10, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Supports the passage of legislation which provides appropriate cause of action against federal employees who lobby with federally appropriated funds.

PL 11, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Strongly recommends that the permittee be notified and included in all tours, discussions and any final recommendations made on the permittee's allotment by the Resource Advisory Council.

PL 12, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Will work to enlist the support of all affected groups; livestock producers, range scientists, and agency range conservationists, to convince the Bureau of Land Management to discontinue the use of the Rangeland Rapid Assessment system. NCA also supports intensification of rangeland monitoring in accordance with recommendations by the range science community embodied by professional associations and land grant universities.

PL 13, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Encourages the Nevada Attorney General to ensure compliance by the appropriate state agencies with the Takings Implication Assessment developed by the Attorney General's office.

PL 14, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Urges Congress to grant the Bureau of Land Management sale authority for the excess wild horses, because the adoption program is not sufficient to address the full extent of the wild horse numbers.

PL 16, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Supports the concept of managing public land livestock grazing based on mutually developed, allotment-specific resource objectives and include completed long term vegetation trend information as specified in the Nevada Rangeland Monitoring Handbook.

Furthermore, due to technical limitations and noncompliance with monitoring standards established in the NRMH, NCA will not accept public land grazing decisions that are based solely on forage utilization prescriptions and/or short term monitoring observations.

NCA also requests that the involved Federal and State agencies reconvene the Nevada Range Studies Task Group for the purpose of reviewing and updating the NRMH with an emphasis on developing consensus monitoring standards needed to respond to new and/or evolving resource issues, including riparian grazing, protected wildlife species and water quality.

PL 17, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Requests that the various land management agencies adopt a uniform definition of the term AUM, and that it be the commonly accepted definition used by the Society of Range Management ("the amount of dry forage required by one animal unit for one month based on a forage allowance of 26 pounds per day").

PL 18, 2004 (cont. 98, 01)

Requests that the public land management agencies include in their operating policies that periods of non-use due to drought factors will be excluded from the three year limitation for voluntary non-use and that voluntary reductions in numbers by the permittees due to drought be documented by the land management agency as such.

PL 19, 2004 (cont. 92, 95, 98, 01)

Urges Congress to use its authority and responsibility to order investigative hearings of the federal land management agencies and the changes in land management and resource regulations that violate existing laws or change the original intent of Congress or the Constitution.

PL 20, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Supports legislation requiring that section 10 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) shall not deny or impede the authorization or reauthorization of any activity on public lands: and that this legislation also contain provisions which shall not delay or impede the maintenance of existing facilities nor the approval, construction, or maintenance of environmental mitigation measures.

PL 21, 2004 (cont. 95, 98, 01)

Requests the BLM and Forest Service take no steps to establish "forage banks" except to facilitate the ability of a public grazing permittee or lease holder to function as a "forage bank" by providing economic pasturage alternatives to livestock operations temporarily displaced from their own grazing allotments or lands.

PL 22, 2004

Demands the Attorney General of the state of Nevada to defend vigorously Nevada's sovereignty over its water.

PL 1, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99,02)

Declares and affirms the private property rights of livestock grazing as a historical custom and culture.

PL 2, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99.02)

Urges county governments to exercise their rights under federal regulation to be involved in the federal land use planning process and that county governments obtain the input of land owners, permit holders and lessees who are impacted or potentially impacted by the public land use planning process.

PL 3, 2005 (cont. 90, 93, 96, 99,02)

Strongly recommends that extensive hearings be conducted in Washington D.C. and relevant locations in Nevada before any changes are made in the use of Nevada land, such as wilderness designation.

PL 4, 2005 (cont. 90, 93, 96, 99,02)

Continues to be categorically opposed to Rangeland Reform '94.

PL 5, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99,02)

Supports efforts to delist the Lahontan Cutthroat Trout as a threatened or endangered species.

PL 6, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99,02)

Supports good management of agricultural, wildlife and recreational uses of riparian areas and believe that livestock grazing is compatible with healthy riparian systems. Furthermore, NCA strongly encourages the early involvement of affected permittees in problem identification and implementation of means and methods to address riparian management challenges.

PL 7, 2005 (cont. 93, 96, 99,02)

Supports the 10th Amendment of the United States Constitution, and believe that all powers which are not specifically delegated by the constitution to the central government are government and to the people respectively.

PL 8, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Urges the Attorney General to answer any of the legal questions arising from a state which is entitled to the same rights, dominion and sovereignty and report those answers to the NCA and NWGA.

PL9, 2005 (cont. 02)

Recommends that the wild horse and burro appropriations be divided among the states having wild horses proportional to the horse population within each state, and NCA further recommends that the BLM apply a greater level of its wild horse and burro program funding to the actual removal of horses and burros at a rate commence rate with objectives outlined and adopted management plans.

PL 10, 2005 (cont. 02)

Asks that the priority for agricultural use of water not be further diminished in favor of other uses, and that existing state law be followed.

PL 11, 2005 (cont. 02)

Strongly urges the BLM and other land management agencies to seed more fire resistant plant species such as edible browses and crested wheat grass following a fire to reduce the spread of cheat grass, future suppression costs, fire size, and wildlife and private property losses.

PL 12, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Believes that all citizens have equal protection to due process of the law and the protection of their civil and private property rights. "No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States, " (Article 1, Section 9, Clause 8, U.S. Constitution). In addition, "No state shall... grant any title of nobility," (Article 1, Section 10, Clause 1, U.S. Constitution). Therefore, no federal or state public servant, official or employee can be above the laws of the federal or state government.

PL 13, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Urges all Nevada community planning entities to identify, address and resolve conflicts between residential development and livestock operators, as a result of Nevada's fence out open range law, prior to approval of any subdivisions.

PL 14, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Urges the increased use of livestock grazing as a resource management tool and deterrent to wild fire.

PL 15, 2005 (cont. 99,02)

Urges the BLM to emphasize that the "Great Basin Ecosystem Restoration Initiative" be an "on-the-ground improvement program," designed to emphasize accomplishments and results, including the use of livestock as a fire management tool, and to assure that the Great Basin Ecosystem Restoration Initiative does not ignore burned areas that can and should be reseeded; and that it be fully funded for at least six years; and that it minimize gridlock, red tape and inefficiency.

PL 16, 2005 (cont. 99,02)

Is categorically opposed to any National Conservation Area designations in Nevada.

PL 17, 2005 (cont. 99,02)

Recommends that any excess wild horses which are gathered off the public lands not be turned back to the public lands; that sanctuaries or private owners accept and care for excess horses; and that funding for this program be above and separate from the present Wild Horse and Burro funding.

PL 18, 2005 (cont. 99,02)

Encourages permittees to work with the BLM to encourage federal grazing permittees to purchase wild horses. PL 19, 2005

Recognizes the right of individual grazing permittees to sell or otherwise dispose of their federal grazing permits, NCA and NWGA support the continuation of livestock grazing on federal lands, and oppose any programs that are intended to permanently retire or vacate federal grazing permits.

PL 20, 2005

Wants any potential legislation to be extensively monitored to insure the legislation does not:

1. Jeopardize prior existing rights and property.
2. Jeopardize prior beneficial legislation and court decisions.
3. Jeopardize the concepts of the Taylor Grazing Act.

PL 1, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Supports the concept of multiple use of federally administered lands.

PL 2, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Urges the Nevada State Legislature to exercise its Power of Redress of injury and require the federal government to honor the State of Nevada's Constitutional Guarantee of a Republican Form of Government by urging the Nevada Congressional delegation to investigate Federal Agencies and, where justified, introduce legislation to limit or curtail the power of Federal Agencies which have usurped and reversed Nevada's citizens' rights to self-governance.

PL 3, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Strongly requests that the federal land management agencies stand all costs of maintaining range improvements damaged by feral horses.

PL 4, 2006 (cont. 91, 94, 97, 00, 03)

Encourages the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to change their policy to allow heirs to continue grazing permit, and allow purchases of a ranch with a grazing permit to be permitted under the existing permit provisions.

PL 5, 2006 (cont. 91, 94, 97, 00, 03)

Believes that the Coordinate Resource Management Planning (CRMP) process be voluntary, advisory and restricted to problem solving as originally intended.

PL 6, 2006 (cont. 91, 94, 97, 00, 03)

Opposes grazing use which results in overall rangeland deterioration due to failure to comply with appropriate planning and applied management. Furthermore, NCA supports effective range management which is supported by sound long-term trend monitoring directed toward attainment of practical and attainable allotment objectives developed in cooperation with the affected permittees.

PL 7, 2006 (cont. 91, 94, 97, 00, 03)

Supports reducing the wild horse and burro numbers to appropriate management levels by 2005.

PL 8, 2006 (cont. 91, 94, 97, 00, 03)

Opposes the Biodiversity Treaty.

PL 9, 2006 (cont. 94, 97, 00, 03)

Supports good management of agricultural and recreational uses of riparian areas and believes that traditional agricultural use such as livestock grazing can be compatible and healthy riparian systems. Furthermore, NCA encourages the early involvement of affected permittees in problem identification and implementation of means and methods to address riparian management challenges. Agencies should use site specific monitoring in accordance with Nevada Rangeland Monitoring Guidelines in cooperation, coordination and consultation with the permittees. These methods will include season of use, planned grazing systems, alternative water sources, development of alternative forage, etc. thereby providing long term and less disruptive solutions to these riparian problems.

PL 10, 2006 (cont. 94, 97, 00, 06)

Recommends that Section 8100 fund monies be spent for range improvements on the ground, and NCA calls for continuous accountability of all Section 8100 funds to determine whether said funds have been and continue to be spent for on-the-ground improvements.

PL 11, 2006 (cont. 94, 97, 00, 03)

Opposes the Upper Columbia River Basin Ecosystem Management EIS.

PL 12, 2006 (cont. 97, 00, 03)

Urges the BLM and USFS to emphasize that the “Great Basin Ecosystem Restoration Initiative” be an “on-the-ground improvement program,” designed to emphasize accomplishments and results, including the use of livestock as a fire management tool, and as a tool for rehabilitation, and minimizes gridlock, red tape and inefficiency.

PL 13, 2006 (cont. 99, 00, 03)

Supports the active involvement of the counties in all multi-party agreements concerning natural resource and wildlife management issues.

PL 14, 2006 (cont. 03)

Supports the concept that rangeland monitoring become a designated line item for land management agency budgets and should be funded at a level sufficient to match current investments in vegetation monitoring and add one additional range management specialist for each USFS district and two for each BLM district.

PL 15, 2006

Strongly encourages CABNR and UNCE to take active roles in research and education regarding livestock grazing and associated application potential for fine fuel reduction and post fire management. This would lead to an educated public that may initiate a change in management policy in the agencies.

PL 16, 2006

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION

The Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Encourages the continued well-rounded education of our youth. Therefore, NCA has created the Educator of the Year Award to be presented to any kindergarten through 8th grade teacher, who is not an Ag instructor, but who has developed and teaches an integrated unit about agriculture in their regular curriculum who meets the following criteria:

1. A high school teacher nominee
2. The nomination must be written and include an outline of the teacher's agricultural program.

Nominations will be accepted from:

- A. Nevada Cattlemen, CattleWomen, Nevada WoolGrowers Associations or a member of the Nevada Farm Bureau.
- B. A presently employed Nevada teacher.
- C. The Principal of the school which employs the nominee

In addition, NCA will present the Educator of the Year with a stipend to be used to aid the Teacher in the purchase of classroom supplies and materials. R&E 1, 2004 (cont. 01)

Urges all Nevadans who use and enjoy both private and public lands to continue to work towards elimination of noxious weeds through increased resources for research and extension education.

R&E 1, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Urges the Nevada Department of Agriculture to continue to search for and develop methods for addressing conflict over federal and state regulations for grazing on public lands, such as the recently developed mediation system.

R&E 2, 2005 (cont. 96, 99,02)

Directs the Research and Education Committee to continue with the establishment of an endowment fund for the purpose of granting scholarships.

Directive 1, 2006 (cont. 00, 03)

TAXATION

The Nevada Cattlemen's Association:

Urges Congress to continue its tax reform efforts by reducing the capital gains tax rate and completely eliminating estate taxes.

T 1, 2004 (cont. 01)

Supports and encourages the idea of the creation of a Nevada rangeland trust in cooperation with the Nevada Farm Bureau to provide them mechanism for the membership of both organizations to utilize "conservation easements" in a manner that is organized and controlled by Nevada's livestock industry.

T 2, 2004(cont. 98, 01)

Urges the Nevada Legislature to amend chapter 372 of the Nevada Revised Statute to exempt all items used in agricultural production from the Nevada Sales and Use Tax.

T 6, 2005 (cont. 02)

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